



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** 14.5oz PD White

**Other means of identification**  
**Product Code** 11607-6-C

**Recommended use** Not available.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

**Company name** Plasti Dip International  
**Address** 3920 Pheasant Ridge Drive  
 Blaine, MN 55449  
 United States

**Telephone** General Assistance 763-785-2156  
**Website** Plastidip.com  
**E-mail** Pdi@Plastidip.com

**Emergency phone number** Chemtrec/INTL 800-424-9300/703-741-5970

**Supplier** Not available.

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable liquids Category 2  
 Physical hazards not otherwise classified Category 1

**Health hazards** Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4  
 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2  
 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A  
 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B  
 Carcinogenicity Category 1B  
 Reproductive toxicity Category 2  
 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 1

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 3  
 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 3

### Label elements



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. May cause flash fire or explosion. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe the mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity.

### Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Other hazards

None known.

### Supplemental information

84.15% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 84.15% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 84.15% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES		64742-89-8	34.55
XYLENE		1330-20-7	12.75
METHYL ETHYL KETONE		78-93-3	7.9
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	3.1
Other components below reportable levels			41.7

All concentrations are in percent by weight (kg) unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume (l).

## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

### General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe the mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	TWA	200 ppm
	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

#### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	125 ppm
		434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	885 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		300 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		200 ppm
	TWA	651 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		150 ppm
TWA	434 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	100 ppm	

#### Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm

**Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)**

Components	Type	Value
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

**Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)**

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

**Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)**

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	125 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

**Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)**

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	543 mg/m3
		125 ppm
	TWA	434 mg/m3
		100 ppm
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3
		100 ppm
	TWA	150 mg/m3
		50 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	651 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	434 mg/m3
		100 ppm

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	PEL	590 mg/m3
		200 ppm
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm

## Biological limit values

### ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

##### Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

##### Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

##### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

**Physical state** Liquid.

**Form** Liquid.

**Color** Not available.

**Odor** Not available.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** -123.95 °F (-86.64 °C) estimated

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** 175.26 °F (79.59 °C) estimated

**Flash point** 15.0 °F (-9.4 °C) estimated

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not applicable.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

**Flammability limit - lower (%)** 1.8 % estimated

**Flammability limit - upper (%)** 10 % estimated

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** Not available.

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** Not available.

**Vapor pressure** 52.79 hPa estimated

<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	759.2 °F (404 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Density</b>	29.65 lbs/gal estimated
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	23.75 % estimated
<b>Specific gravity</b>	3.55 estimated
<b>VOC</b>	23.75 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens. Ammonia. Amines. Isocyanates. Caustics.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
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### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Harmful if inhaled.
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Components	Species	Test Results
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 8000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	11000 ppm, 45 Minutes
	Rat	11700 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	670 mg/kg
	Rat	2300 - 3500 mg/kg
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	May cause genetic defects.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	May cause cancer.	
<b>ACGIH Carcinogens</b>		
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
<b>Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity</b>		
ETHYL BENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
XYLENE (O, M AND P ISOMERS) (CAS 1330-20-7)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not an aspiration hazard.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours



Components	Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow ( <i>Pimephales promelas</i> ) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea ( <i>Daphnia magna</i> ) 4025 - 6440 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow ( <i>Cyprinodon variegatus</i> ) > 400 mg/l, 96 hours
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill ( <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i> ) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

ETHYLBENZENE	3.15
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	0.29
XYLENE	3.12 - 3.2

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

**14. Transport information**

**TDG**

**UN number** UN1139

**UN proper shipping name** Coating solution

**Transport hazard class(es)**

**Class** 3

**Subsidiary risk** -

**Packing group** II

**Environmental hazards** Marine pollutant only when containing 10% or more substances identified as marine pollutants or severe marine pollutant when containing 1% or more substances identified as severe marine pollutants

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IATA**

**UN number** UN1139

**UN proper shipping name** Coating solution

**Transport hazard class(es)**

**Class** 3

**Subsidiary risk** -

**Packing group** II

**Environmental hazards** No.

**ERG Code** 3L

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Other information**

**Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed.  
**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed.

**IMDG**

**UN number** UN1139  
**UN proper shipping name** Coating solution  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 3  
**Subsidiary risk** -  
**Label(s)** 3  
**Packing group** II

**Environmental hazards**

**Marine pollutant** No.

**EmS** Not available.

**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

**IATA; IMDG; TDG**

**15. Regulatory information****Canadian regulations****Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

**Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)**

Not listed.

**Greenhouse Gases**

Not listed.

**Precursor Control Regulations**

METHYL ETHYL KETONE (CAS 78-93-3) Class B

**International regulations****Stockholm Convention**

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention**

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol**

Not applicable.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention**

Not applicable.

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other Information

**Issue date** 02-12-2018

**Revision date** 03-05-2018

**Version #** 02

### Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA BELIEVED TO BE RELIABLE AND THE MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY INCURRED FROM THE USE OR RELIANCE UPON THE SAME. THE INFORMATION GIVEN IS DESIGNED ONLY AS A GUIDANCE FOR SAFE HANDLING, USE, PROCESSING, STORAGE, TRANSPORTATION, DISPOSAL AND RELEASE AND IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED A WARRANTY OR QUALITY SPECIFICATION. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. This safety information is not a license to use this material as claimed by any patents of third parties. The user alone must finally determine whether a contemplated use of this material will infringe any such patents, and for obtaining any required licenses.